## § 1.661(c)-1

into the computation of distributable net income in accordance with the rules set forth in §1.652(b)-3, except that, in the absence of specific provisions in the governing instrument, or unless local law requires a different apportionment, amounts paid, permanently set aside, or to be used for the charitable, etc., purposes specified in section 642(c) are first ratably apportioned among each class of items of income entering into the computation of the distributable net income of the estate or trust, in accordance with the rules set out in paragraph (b) of  $\S 1.643(a) - 5.$ 

## § 1.661(c)-1 Limitation on deduction.

An estate or trust is not allowed a deduction under section 661(a) for any amount which is treated under section 661(b) as consisting of any item of distributable net income which is not included in the gross income of the estate or trust. For example, if in 1962, a trust, which reports on the calendar vear basis, has distributable net income of \$20,000, which is deemed to consist of \$10,000 of dividends and \$10,000 of tax-exempt interest, and distributes \$10,000 to beneficiary A, the deduction allowable under section 661(a) (computed without regard to section 661(c)) would amount to \$10,000 consisting of \$5,000 of dividends and \$5,000 of tax-exempt interest. The deduction actually allowable under section 661(a) as limited by section 661(c) is \$4,975, since no deduction is allowable for the \$5.000 of tax-exempt interest and the \$25 deemed distributed out of the \$50 of dividends excluded under section 116, items of distributable net income which are not included in the gross income of the estate or trust.

[T.D. 6777, 29 FR 17809, Dec. 16, 1964]

## § 1.661(c)-2 Illustration of the provisions of section 661.

The provisions of section 661 may be illustrated by the following example:

Example. (a) Under the terms of a trust, which reports on the calendar year basis, \$10,000 a year is required to be paid out of income to a designated charity. The balance of the income may, in the trustee's discretion, be accumulated or distributed to beneficiary A. Expenses are allocable against income and the trust instrument requires a reserve for depreciation. During the taxable year 1955 the trustee contributes \$10,000 to charity and in his discretion distributes \$15,000 of income to A. The trust has the following items of income and expense for the taxable year 1955.

Dividends	\$10,000
Partially tax-exempt interest	10,000
Fully tax-exempt interest	10,000
Rents	20,000
Rental expenses	2,000
Depreciation of rental property	3,000
Trustee's commissions	5,000

(b) The income of the trust for fiduciary accounting purposes is \$40,000, computed as follows:

Dividends Partially tax-exempt interest Fully tax-exempt interest Rents	\$10,000 10,000 10,000 20,000
Total	50,000
Less:	
Rental expenses\$2,000	
Depreciation 3,000	
Trustee's commissions 5,000	
	10,000
Income as computed under section 643(b)	40.000

(c) The distributable net income of the trust as computed under section 643(a) is \$30,000, determined as follows:

Rents			\$20,000 10,000 10,000
Fully tax-exempt interest		\$10,000	
Less:			
Expenses allocable thereto (10,000/50,000×\$5,000)	\$1,000		
Charitable contributions allocable thereto (10,000/50,000×\$10,000)	2,000		
		3,000	
			7,000
Total		_	47,000
Deductions:			
Rental expenses		2,000	
Depreciation of rental property		3,000	
Trustee's commissions (\$5,000 less \$1,000 allocated to tax-exempt interest)		4,000	